## **Effective Leadership**

- Establish an expectation for timeliness consistently start and end r
- Monitor the amount of time given to each agenda item, or appoint a
- Prior to discussion, inform members that the time given to them to s to allow others an opportunity to speak
- If the time being spent on an item becomes overly long and you nee agenda, inform members that discussion will need to conclude and to take a few more comments
- Do not allow discussion of items not posted on the meeting agenda
- If a member departs from the agenda, makes comments not related hand, interrupts another speaker, or becomes abusive, rule the men
- The presiding officer must treat ex officio members and staff member present with the same expectations for order
- If there are co-chairs (which is often the case), assign one co-chair t item on the agenda – this prevents any confusion over which co-cha member to speak or which co-chair may need to make other efforts allows the non-presiding co-chair to more freely participate in the dis undermining the impartiality and objectivity a presiding co-chair should
- The chair or co-chairs are certainly allowed to vote and take part in or indicated in the above point, the person presiding should be primaril facilitating equal opportunities for members to speak, and should str impartiality and objectivity – but this is not to say that the person pre express an opinion, so long as that opinion is not presented with any carrying more weight than any other member's opinion rward with so
  - if any member
    But before the seconded by motion, only the second se
  - After the mot presiding office
  - If there is no for a vote
  - If a member f be made to "o this particular

- A member may move to amend a motion that is already on the floor amendments may be in the form of changing the existing motion or making a substitute motion
- Once seconded, an amended motion is also subject to discussion and vote voting is in inverse order, such that amended motions are voted on first, then the original motion
- A member may move to "table" discussion, to either consider the matter later in the meeting or at a later date (usually to move on to other items on the agenda)
- A member may move to "postpone indefinitely" the discussion, which means the matter cannot be reintroduced at that meeting, but may be taken up at a later date (this is often done in hopes of killing a motion)
- If a motion has several parts, a member may move to divide the motion to vote differently on the parts
- If a member feels that something is not germane to the matter at hand or that something is being done incorrectly, a "point of order" may be raised to be addressed by the presiding officer