## Part (i): Description of State Accountability System

Part (i)(I) the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in the accountability system. The Texas accountability minimum size criteria are 10 assessments or students for the all student group or any subgroup for every indicator.

Part (i)(II) the long-term goals and measurements of interim progress for all students and for each of the subgroups of students (not applicable to district and state report cards).

		State ESS	SA Goals (	HS/K-1	2 & AEA)						
	All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian		Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Econ Disadv	Special Educ	EL (Current & Former)
Academic Performance (At Meets Grade Level or Above)											

	State ESSA Goals (Elementary Schools)										
	All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian		Pacific Islander	Two or More Races		Special Educ	EL (Current & Former)
Baseline I	Rates										49%
2022-23 through 202	26-27										49%
2027-28 through 202	31-32										51%
2032-33 through 20	36-37										53%
20	37-38										55%

Part (i)(III) the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State:

a. Academic Achievement Indicator: STAAR Performance Status (Percent at Meets Grade Level or Above)

b. Other Academic Indicator for Non-High Schools: STAAR Growth Status

c. Graduation Rate: Federal Graduation Status

d. ELP Indicator: English Learner Language Proficiency Status

e. School Quality or Student Success (SQSS) Indicators: College\*29 0.412T /TT4is T29 d 0 T29AicesaryBT adindicas: S Growth Stat T29K-12s;50SQSSor: ST/

(bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. Total points for each component are determined by multiplying the percentage of evaluated indicators met by the corresponding weight and rounding to one decimal place. The Closing the Gaps domain score is the sum of the total points rounded to the nearest whole number and is further used to differentiate all public schools. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 4-2023 Closing the Gaps Domain

(cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. Texas uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently under-performing student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered 'consistently underperforming'. Any campus not identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2019, 2022, and 2023 are considered consecutive years for 2023 TSI identification. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 10-2023 Identification of Schools for Improvement

(dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank ordering the scaled scores of Title I campuses by schooltype - elementary, middle, high school/K-12, and alternative education accountability. Texas then determines which campuses fell in the bottom five percent for each school type. Title I campuses that rank in their school type's bottom five percent are identified for CSI. Any Title I campus identified for Additional Targeted Support (ATS) for three consecutive years will be identified for CSI the following school year.

Part (i)(V) the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans. Campuses Identified for Support under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) for the 2022-2023 school year: Comprehensive Support and Improvement Schools Targeted Support and Improvement Schools and Additional Targeted Support Schools.



Texas Education Agency

African American Pacific

								Two			
								or			
	All	African			American		Pacific	More	Econ		
	Students	American	Hispanic	White	Indian	Asian	Islander	Races	Disadv	CWD	EL
Male											

## Part (v): School Quality or Student Success (SQSS)

This section provides information on the other indicators of school quality or student success, which is college, career and military readiness (CCMR) for high schools and average performance rate of the three STAAR performance levels of all students, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset, for elementary and secondary schools without a graduation rate. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

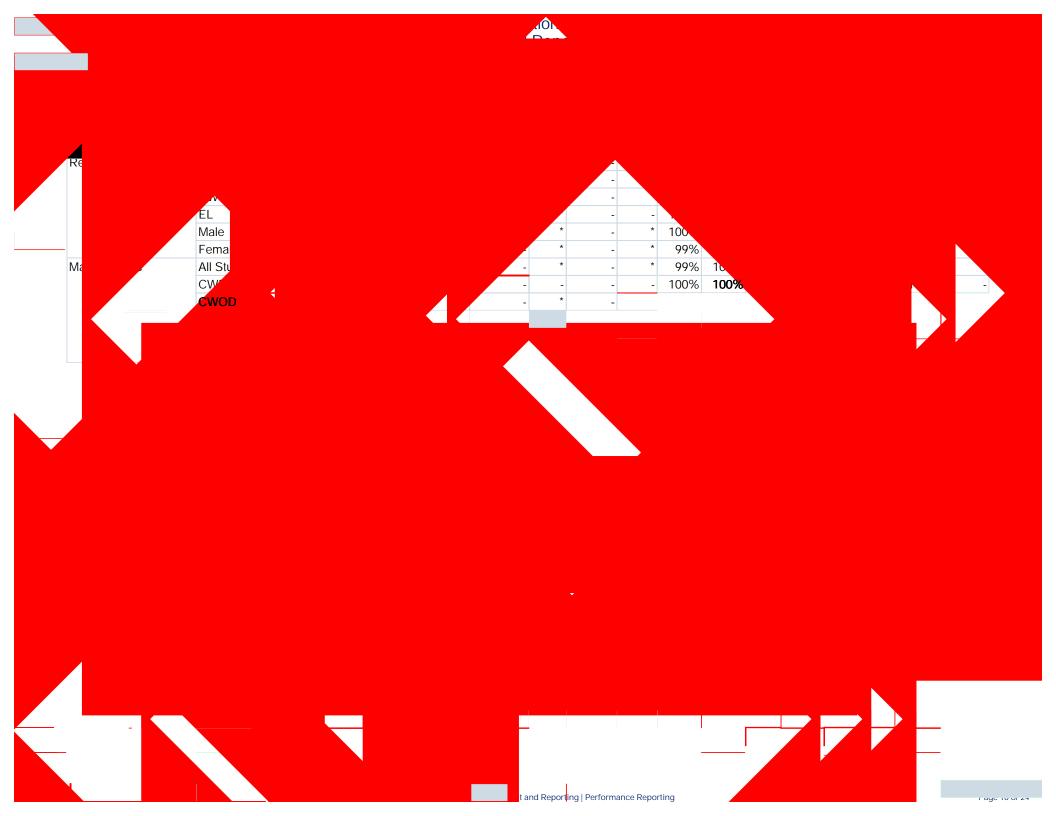
All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian			

	All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian		Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Econ Disadv	CWD	EL +
Long-Term Goals	75%	67%	72%	80%	74%	91%	76%	78%	70%	65%	73%
Target Met	Ν		Ν						Ν	Ν	Ν
English Learner Language	Proficience	cy Status									
Interim Goals (2023-2027)											49%
Target Met											Y
Interim Goals (2028-2032)											51%
Target Met											Y
Interim Goals (2033-2037)											53%
Target Met											Y
Long-Term Goals											55%
Target Met											Y
Federal Graduation Status											
Interim Goals (2023-2027)	90.0%	86.3%	88.1%	93.8%	87.4%	96.7%	88.3%	90.8%	86.7%	79.7%	80%
Target Met											
Interim Goals (2028-2032)	92.7%	90.2%	91.4%	95.2%	90.9%	97.1%	91.5%	93.2%	90.5%	85.8%	86%
Target Met											
Interim Goals (2033-2037)	95.4%	94.1%	94.7%	96.6%	94.4%	97.5%	94.7%	95.6%	94.3%	91.9%	92%
Target Met											
Long-Term Goals	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
Target Met											

Blank cell indicates there are no data available in the group.

+ STAAR Performance and Graduation use EL(Current & Monitored), EL English Learner Language Proficiency uses EL (Current).

Part (vii): STAAR Participation



I.

				Indian or				
Total	African							
students	American	Hispanic	White					

	State Le	vel: 2022 Percentages at N	AEP Acl	nieveme	nt Lev	vels		
			% Below Basic	% At or Above Basic		or ove	A	% \t nced
Grade	Subject	Student Group	TX US	TX US	ТΧ	US	ТΧ	US
	Mathematics							

2022 N/	AEP Participa	tate Level: ation Rates for Students and English Learners	with
Grade	Subject	Student Group	Rate
Grade 4	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	95%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	87%
		English Learners	95%
Grade 8	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	97%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	93%
		English Learners	97%

## Part (xiii): Cohort Rate of Graduates Enrolled in Postsecondary Education

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2020-21 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2021-22 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondaryeducation in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outside Texas. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

# There is no data for this campus.

#### Part (xiv): Additional Information - Chronic Absenteeism

This section provides information on the Chronic Absenteeism per EDFacts definition: percon ten on the conundupeco highnumbs dconKc A.31who graduin a