

the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. Total points for each component are determined by multiplying the percentage of evaluated indicators met by the corresponding weight and rounding to one decimal place. The Closing the Gaps domain score is the sum of the total points rounded to the nearest whole number and is further used to differentiate all public schools. See the accountability manual for details.







Long-Term Goals	75%	67%	72%	80%	74%	91%	76%	78%	70%	65%	739
Target Met	Ν		N						Ν	Ν	N
Interim Goals (2023-2027)											499
Target Met											N
Interim Goals (2028-2032)											519
Target Met											N
Interim Goals (2033-2037)											539
Target Met											Ν
Long-Term Goals											559
Target Met											N
Interim Goals (2023-2027)	90.0%	86.3%	88.1%	93.8%	87.4%	96.7%	88.3%	90.8%	86.7%	79 7%	809
Target Met	70.070	00.070	00.170	70.070	07.170	70.770	00.070	/0.0/0	00.770	1 7.1 70	00
Interim Goals (2028-2032)	92.7%	90.2%	91.4%	95.2%	90.9%	97.1%	91.5%	93.2%	90.5%	85.8%	869
Target Met											
Interim Goals (2033-2037)	95.4%	94.1%	94.7%	96.6%	94.4%	97.5%	94.7%	95.6%	94.3%	91.9%	929
Target Met											
Long-Term Goals	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98
Target Met											

Incidents of threats of physical attack without a weapon	0
Incidents of possession of a firearm or explosive device	0
On the basis of sex	0
On the basis of race	0
On the basis of disability	0
On the basis of sexual orientation	0
On the basis of religion	0

This section provides information from the 2020-21 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on the number of students enrolled in preschool programs and accelerated coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school.



This section provides information on the professional qualifications of teachers, including information disaggregated by high- and low-poverty schools on the number and percentage of (I) inexperienced teacher, principals, and other school leaders; (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

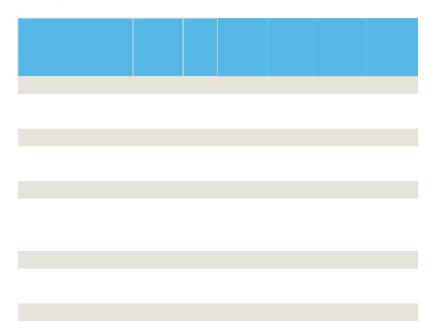
Inexperienced Teachers, Principals, and Other School Leaders	12.3	31.1%
Teachers Teaching with Emergency or Provisional Credentials	0.0	-
Teacher Who Are Not Teaching in the Subject or Field for Which the Teacher is Certified or Licensed	7.2	19.2%

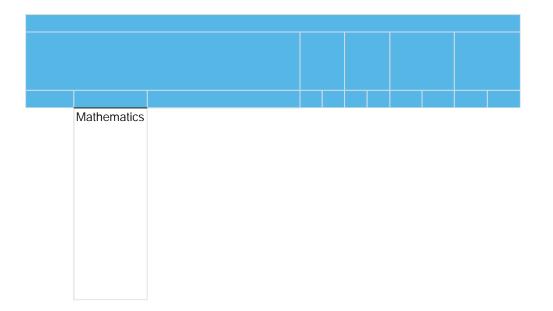
- Indicates there are no data available in the group.

This section provides information on the per-pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures, disaggregated by source of funds, for each school district and campus for the preceding fiscal year.

To be updated by June 30th, 2024.

This section provides information on the number and percentage of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who take STAAR Alternate 2, by grade and subject for the 2022-23 school year.





Grade 4	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
	5	English Learners	95%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	87%
		English Learners	95%
Grade 8	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	97%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	93%
		English Learners	97%

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2020-21 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2021-22 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondaryeducation in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outside Texas. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

This section provides information on the Chronic Absenteeism per EDFacts definition: percon ten on the conundupeco highnumbs dconKc A.31 who graduin a