the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgrot3 pd 0 00 1.000 1.00f 23

the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State:

Academic Achievement Indicator: STAAR Performance Status (Percent at Meets Grade Level or Above)

Other Academic Indicator for Non-High Schools: STAAR Growth Status

Graduation Rate: Federal Graduation Status

ELP Indicator: English Learner Language Proficiency Status

the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. Total points for each component are determined by multiplying the percentage of evaluated indicators met by the corresponding weight and rounding to one decimal place. The Closing the Gaps domain score is the sum of the total points rounded to the nearest whole number and is further used to differentiate all public schools. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 4-2023 Closing the Gaps Domain

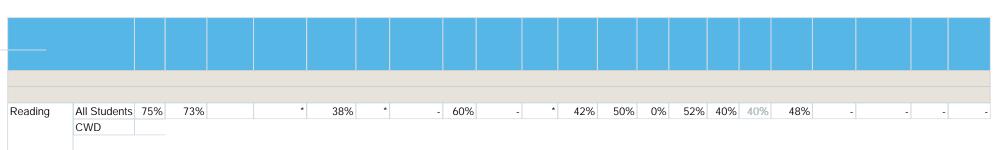
the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. Texas uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently under-performing student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered 'consistently underperforming'. Any campus not identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2019, 2022, and 2023 are considered consecutive years for 2023 TSI identification. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 10-2023 Identification of Schools for Improvement

the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank ordering the scaled scores of Title I campuses by schooltype - elementary, middle, high school/K-12, and alternative education accountability. Texas then determines which campuses fell in the bottom five percent for each school type. Title I campuses that rank in their school type's bottom five percent are identified for CSI. Any Title I campus identified for Additional Targeted Support (ATS) for three consecutive years will be identified for CSI the following school year.

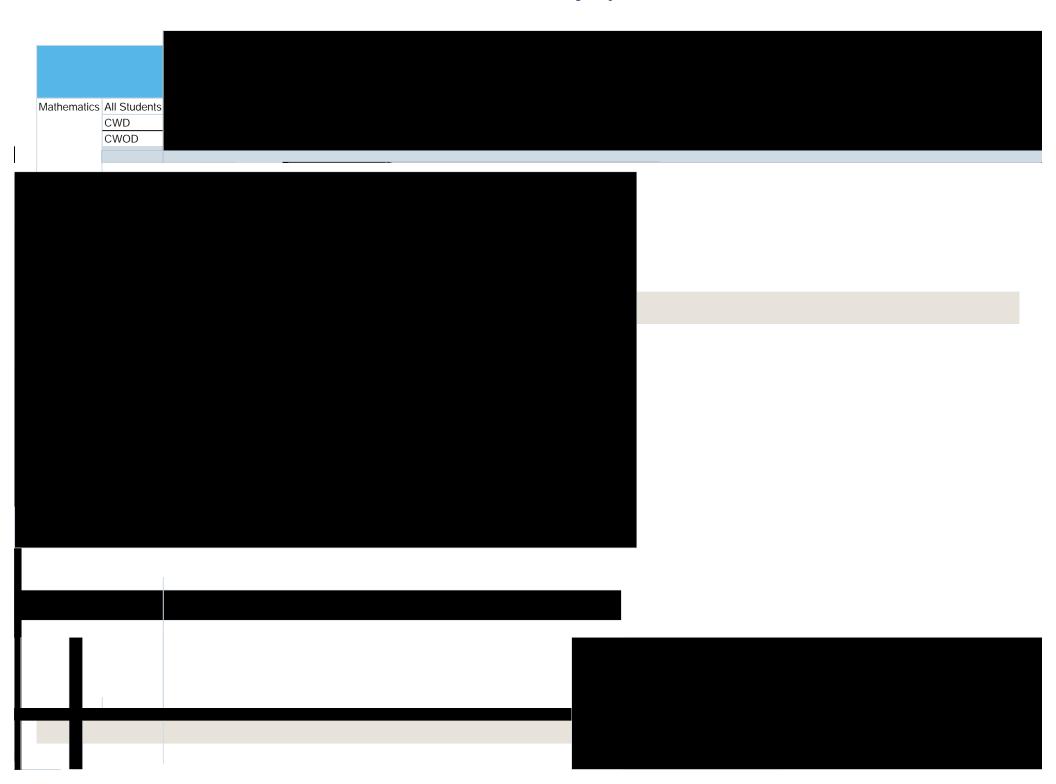
the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans. Campuses Identified for Support under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) for the 2022-2023 school year: Comprehensive Support and Improvement Schools Targeted Support and Improvement Schools and Additional Targeted Support Schools.

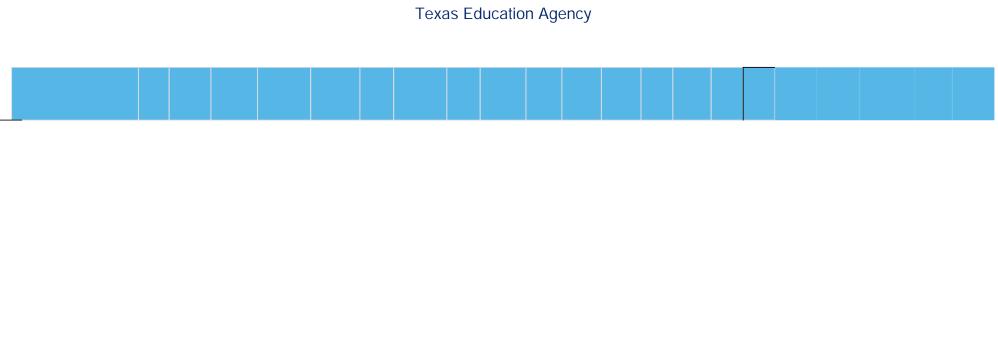
the exit criteria established by the State, including the length of years established. Campuses that do not rank in their school type's bottom five percent of the Closing the Gaps domain for two consecutive years and have Closing the Gaps domain scaled score by the end of the second year that is higher than when originally identified are considered as having successfully exited. Campuses previously identified as CSI based solely on a graduation rate must have a four or six-year federal graduation rate of at least 66.7 percent for two consecutive years to exit CSI status.

This section provides information on student achievement on the STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness) performance for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science by grade level and proficiency level for the 2022-23 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset. (CWD: children with disability; CWOD: children without disability; EL: English learner)



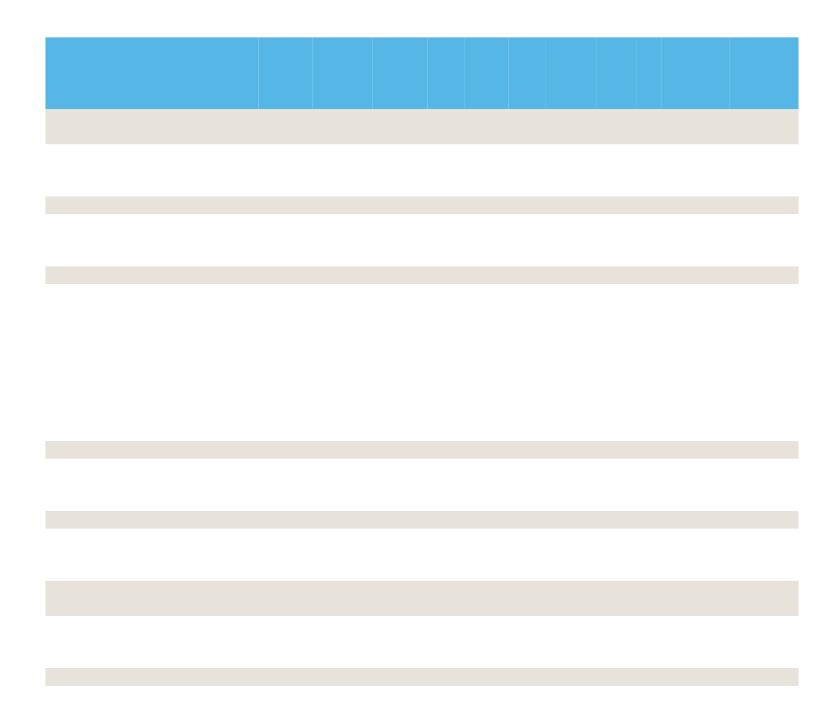








Long-Term Goals	75%	67%	72%	80%	74%	91%	76%	78%	70%	65%	73%
Target Met	N	N	N								



Incidents of threats of physical attack without a weapon	0
Incidents of possession of a firearm or explosive device	0
On the basis of sex	0
On the basis of race	0
On the basis of disability	0
On the basis of sexual orientation	0
On the basis of religion	0

This section provides information from the 2020-21 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on the number of students enrolled in preschool programs and accelerated coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school.

Male	7	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	3	0
Female	9	1	5	1	0	1	0	1	8	0
Total										0
,										

This section provides information on the professional qualifications of teachers, including information disaggregated by high- and low-poverty schools on the number and percentage of (I) inexperienced teacher, principals, and other school leaders; (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

Inexperienced Teachers, Principals, and Other School Leaders	7.0	24.1%
Teachers Teaching with Emergency or Provisional Credentials	2.0	7.4%
Teacher Who Are Not Teaching in the Subject or Field for Which the Teacher is Certified or Licensed	3.2	11.9%

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Reading	6,168	1%	87	2%	-	
Mathematics	6,162	2%	87	2%	-	
Science	6,163	1%	87	2%	-	
English I	6,032	1%	78	1%	-	
English II	5,771	1%	67	1%	-	
Algebra I	6,015	1%	78	1%	-	
Biology	6,041	1%	80	1%	-	
All Subjects	117,761	1%	1,550	1%	-	
Reading	52,275	1%	682	1%	-	
Mathematics	46,462	2%	615	2%	-	
Science	19,024	1%	253	1%	-	

⁻ Indicates there are no students in the group.

This section provides results on the state academic assessments in reading and mathematics in grades 4 and 8 of the 2022 National Assessment of Educational Progress, compared to the national average of such results.

Grade 4	Reading	Overall	42	37	58	63	30	33	7	9
	_	Black	51	56	49	44	19	17	3	3
		Hispanic	52	50	48	50	20	21	3	4
	White	26	27	74	73	44	42	10	11	
	American Indian	*	57	*	43	*	18	*	3	
	Asian	8	17	92	83	71	58	31	24	
		Pacific Islander	*	50	*	50	*	23	*	6
	Two or More Races	28	32	72	68	41	38	8	11	
	EcoDis	54	52	46	48	18	19	3	3	
		Students with Disabilities	77	73	23	27	7	10	1	2
		English Language Learners	57	67	43	33	16	10	2	1

^{*} Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.

Grade 4	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	95%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	87%
		English Learners	95%
Grade 8	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	97%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	93%
		English Learners	97%

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2020-21 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2021-22 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondaryeducation in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outside Texas. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

This section provides information on the Chronic Absenteeism per EDFacts definition: percent of unduplicated number of K - 12 students enrolled in a school for at least 10 days and absent for 10% or more days during the 2021-22 school year. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

Chronic Absenteeism Rate	38%	49%	39%	33%	-	22%	-	40%	39%	35%	34%

- Indicates there are no students in the group.
- * Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.