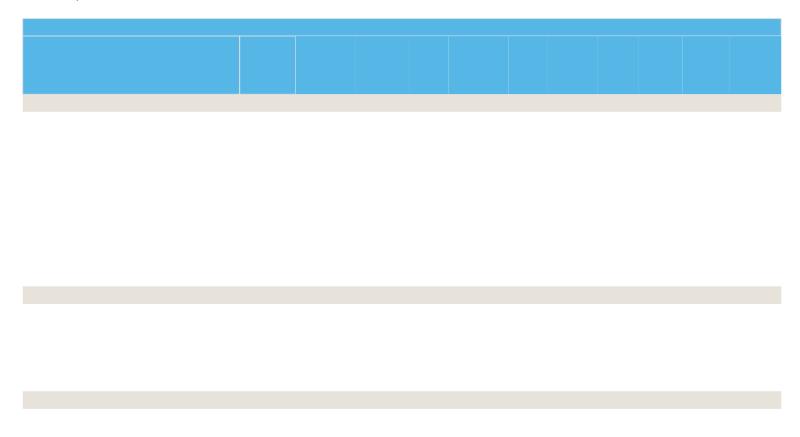
the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in the accountability system. The Texas accountability minimum size criteria are 10 assessments or students for the all student group or any subgroup for every indicator.

the long-term goals and measurements of interim progress for all students and for each of the subgroups of students (not applicable to district and state report cards).



Baseline Rates						49%
2022-23 through 2026-27						49%
2027-28 through 2031-32						51%
2032-33 through 2036-37						53%
2037-38						55%

the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State:

Academic Achievement Indicator: STAAR Performance Status (Percent at Meets Grade Level or Above)

Other Academic Indicator for Non-High Schools: STAAR Growth Status

Graduation Rate: Federal Graduation Status

ELP Indicator: English Learner Language Proficiency Status

School Quality or Student Success (SQSS) Indicators: College, Career, and Military Readiness for High Schools and K-12s; Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR only for All Other Schools without Annual Graduates

the State's system for meaningfully differentiating all public schools in the State, including -- the specific weight of the indicators in such differentiation

Elementary and Middle Schools	Academic Achievement	30%					
	Other Academic Indicator	50%					
	English Learner Language Proficiency						
	SQSS: Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only	10%					
High Schools, K-12s, and AEAs	Academic Achievement	50%					
	Federal Graduation Status or Academic Growth Status1	10%					
	English Learner Language Proficiency	10%					
	SQSS: College, Career, and Military Readiness or Student Domain Score: STAAR Component Only2						

¹ If Federal Graduation Status is not available, Academic Growth Status is used.

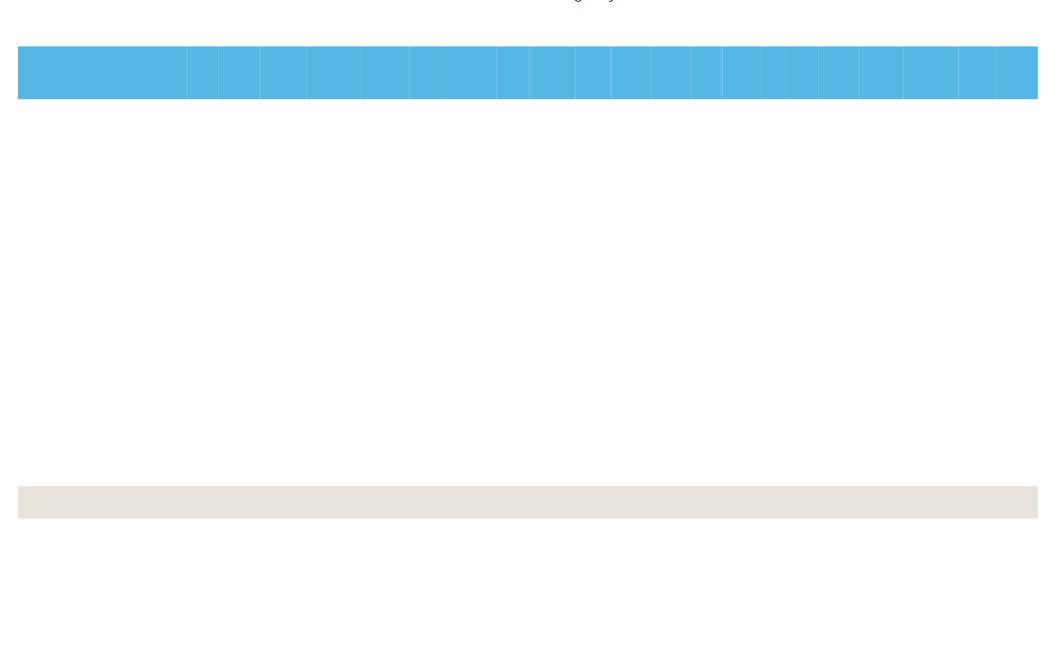
² If College, Career, and Military Readiness is not available, Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only is used.

the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. Total points for each component are determined by multiplying the percentage of evaluated indicators met by the corresponding weight and rounding to one decimal place. The Closing the Gaps domain score is the sum of the total points rounded to the nearest whole number and is further used to differentiate all public schools. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 4-2023 Closing the Gaps Domain

the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. Texas uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently under-performing student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered 'consistently underperforming'. Any campus not identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2019, 2022, and 2023 are considered consecutive years for 2023 TSI identification. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 10-2023 Identification of Schools for Improvement

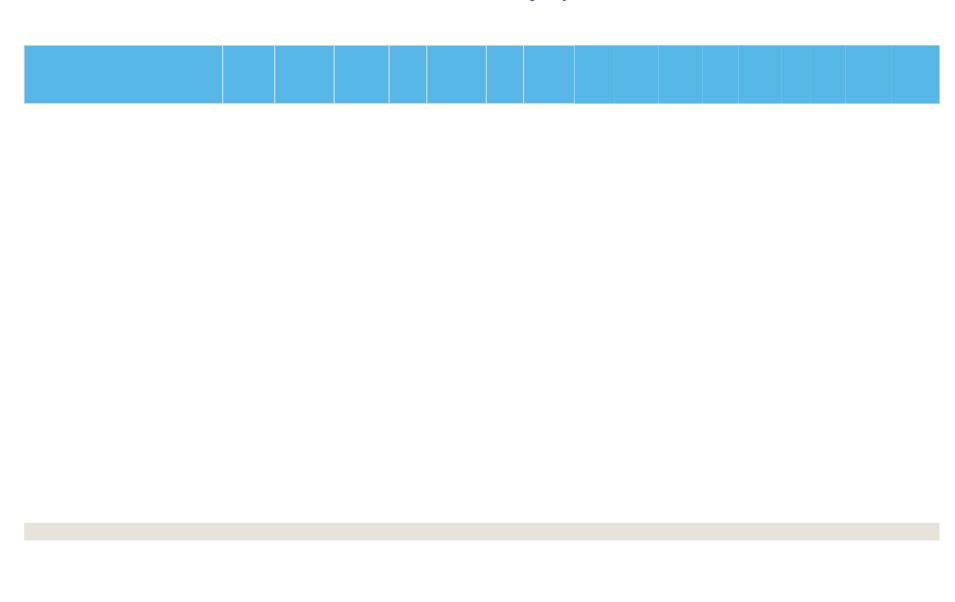
the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank











													N	Migrant
Female	8%	7%	8%	*	0%	0%	4%	7%	7%	7%	7%	4%	·	

With Educational Services	Male	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1		0
	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
	Total	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1		0
Without Educatt∰Moant√Scensices	Male	O		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	
·										,		

Inexperienced Teachers, Principals, and Other School Leaders	26.0	17.1%
Teachers Teaching with Emergency or Provisional Credentials	6.0	4.1%
Teacher Who Are Not Teaching in the Subject or Field for Which the Teacher is Certified or Licensed	14.6	10.0%

⁻ Indicates there are no data available in the group.

English I	6,032	1%	78	1%	16	2%
English II	5,771	1%	67	1%	11	1%
Algebra I	6,015	1%	78	1%	16	2%
Biology	6,041	1%	80	1%	16	2%
All Subjects	117,761	1%	1,550	1%	59	1%
Reading	52,275	1%	682	1%	27	1%
Mathematics	46,462	2%	615	2%	16	1%
Science	19,024	1%	253	1%	16	2%

⁻ Indicates there are no students in the group.

^{*} Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.

Grade 8	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%
		English Learners	97%
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	93%
		English Learners	97%

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2020-21 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2021-22 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondaryeducation in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outside Texas. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

