# Part (i): Description of State Accountability System

Part (i)(I) the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in

(bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. A weighted average of the accountability indicators will be computed from the number of items meeting targets divided by the number of items evaluated. The weighted average will be scaled to grades A (90-100), B (80-89), C (70-79), D (60-69), and F (0-59) and further used to differentiate all public schools. https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/chapter-4-2022-closing-the-gaps-domain.pdf

(cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. TEA uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently underperforming student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered consistently underperforming. Any campus not identified for comprehensive support and improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for targeted support and improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2018, 2019, and 2022 are considered consecutive years for 2022 TSI identification.

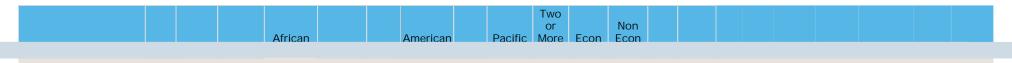
(dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. Beginning August 2022, TEA also evaluates overall scaled scores to make final comprehensive support and improvement (CSI) determinations. Title I campuses with both the lowest Closing the Gaps and lowest overall scaled scores are identified for CSI. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank ordering the scaled scores of Title I campuses by school type - elementary, middle, high school/ K - 12, and alternative education accountability. Texas then determines which campuses fell in the bottom five percent for each school type. Next, TEA rank orders the overall scaled scores for all Title I campuses statewide (without regard to campus type) to determine the scaled score cut point necessary to identify at least five percent of Title I campuses. Title I campuses with an overall scaled score cut point at or below the overall cut point and that rank in their school types bottom five percent are identified for CSI.

Part (i)(V) the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans. Campuses Identified for Support under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) for the 2022-2023 school year: Comprehensive Support and Improvement Schools Targeted Support and Improvement Schools Additional Targeted Support Schools.

Part (i)(VI) the exit criteria established by the State, including the length of years established. Campuses that do not rank in their school types bottom five percent of the Closing the Gaps domain for two consecutive years and have an overall scaled score that year that does not fall within the lowest percentile to be reidentified for CSI are considered as having successfully exited. Campuses previously identified as CSI based solely on a graduation rate below 67 percent must have a four or six-year federal graduation rate of at least 67 percent for two consecutive years to exit CSI status.

### Part (ii): Student Achievement by Proficiency Level

This section provides information on student achievement on the STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness performance for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science by grade level and proficiency level for the 2021-22 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset. (CWD: children with disability; CWOD: children without disability; EL: English learner)



			African			American		Pacific					
State	District	Campus	American	Hispanic	White	Indian	Asian	Islander					

			African			American	Pacific
State	District	Campus	American	Hispanic	White		

- Indicates there are no students in the group.
- \* Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.
- Ever in grades 9-12.

#### Part (iv): English Language Proficiency

This section provides information on the number and percentage of English learners achieving English language proficiency based on the 2022 TELPAS (Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System) data. (EL: English learner)

	Proficiency of EL	Rate of Proficiency
37	15	41%

- Indicates there are no students in the group.
- Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.
- · Indicates data reporting does not meet for Minimum Size.

#### Part (v): School Quality or Student Success (SQSS)

This section provides information on the other indicators of school quality or student success, which is college, career and military readiness (CCMR) for high schools and average performance rate of the three STAAR performance levels of all students, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset, for elementary and secondary schools without a graduation rate. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

	All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Asian	Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Econ Disadv	CWD	EL
Student Success (Student A	Achieveme	ent Domair	Score: S	TAAR C	Component	Only)					
STAAR Component Score	70	60	57	80	-	83	-	82	56	47	48
School Quality (College, Ca	reer, and	Military Re	adiness F	erform	ance)						
%Students meeting CCMR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Indicates there are no students in the group.
- \* Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.

### Part (vi): Goal Meeting Status

This section provides information on the progress of all students and each student group toward meeting the long-term goals or interim objectives on STAAR academic performance, federal graduation rate, and English learners' language proficiency. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

All Students	African American	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Asian			

								Two			
	All	African			American		Pacific	or More	Econ		EL
	Students	American	Hispanic	White	Indian	Asian	Islander	Races	Disadv	CWD	+
Long-Term Goals	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%	94%
Target Met											

Blank cells above represent student group indicators that do not meet the minimum size criteria.

- + STAAR Performance and Graduation use EL(Current & Monitored), EL English Learner Language Proficiency uses EL (Current).
- € Student groups that are at or above 90% are required to exceed that rate by at least a tenth of a percent in the following year(s).

# Part (vii): STAAR Participation

This section provides the percentage of students assessed and not assessed on STAAR for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science for the 2021-22 school year. (CWD: children with disability; CWOD: children without disability; EL: English learner)

## Part (x): Per-pupil Expenditure

This section provides information on the per-pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures, disaggregated by source of funds, for each school district and campus for the preceding fiscal year.

To be updated by June 30th, 2023.

### Part (xi): STAAR Alternate 2 Participation

This section provides information on the number and percentage of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who take STAAR Alternate 2, by grade and subject for the 2021-22 school year.

		State Number	of	District Number	Rate of	Campus Number	Rate of
	Grade 3	OF AL 12	ALT2	OFAL12	AL12	of ALT2	ALT2
	Reading	6,584	2%	98	2%	-	-
-	Mathematics	6,587	2%	97	2%	-	-
	Grade 4						
	Reading	6,404	2%	87	2%	-	-
	Mathematics	6,408	2%	87	2%	-	-
	Grade 5						
	Reading	6,204	2%	102	2%	-	-
	Mathematics	6,205	2%	101	2%	-	-
	Science	6,200	2%	101	2%	-	-
	Grade 6						
	Reading	6,181	2%	82	2%	-	-
	Mathematics	6,177	2%	82	2%	-	-
	Grade 7						
	Reading	6,130	1%	89	2%	-	-
	Mathematics	6,120	2%	89	2%	-	-
	Grade 8						
	Reading	5,794	1%	83	2%	-	-
	Mathematics	5,803	2%	83	2%	-	-
	End						

- Indicates there are no students in the group.
- \* Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.

# Part (xii): Statewide National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)

This section provides results on the state academic assessments in reading and mathematics in grades 4 and 8 of the 2019 National Assessment of Educational Progress, compared to the national average of such results.

	State Le	vel: 2019 Percentages at N	AEP	Act	niev	eme	nt Lev	/els		
				% Below Basic		or ove sic	% At or Above Proficient		% A Adva	t
Grade	Subject	Student Group	TX	US	TX	US	TX	US	TX	US
Grade 4	Reading	Overall	42	37	58	63	30	33	7	9
		Black	51	56	49	44	19	17	3	3
		Hispanic	52	50	48	50	20	21	3	4
		White	26	27	74	73	44	42	10	11
		American Indian	*	57	*	43	*	18	*	3
		Asian	8	17	92	83	71	58	31	24
		Pacific Islander	*	50	*	50	*	23	*	6
		Two or More Races	28	32	72	68	41	38	8	11
		EcoDis	54	52	46	48	18	19	3	3
		Students with Disabilities	77	73	23	27	7	10	1	2
		English Language Learners	57	67	43	33	16	10	2	1
	Mathematics	Overall	22	25	78					

State Level: 2019 Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels												
						6	9	6				
				% Below Basic		At or Above Basic		At or Above Proficient		t		
0 1	0 11 1	0 0										
Grade	Subject	Student Group	TX	US	IX	US	TX	US	TX	US		
Grade 8	Reading	English Language Learners	53	68	47	32	10	5	n/a	n/a		
	Mathematics	Overall	39	38	61	62	24	26	5	7		
		Black	54	62	46	38	11	9	2	1		
		Hispanic	46	51	54	49	16	14	2	2		
		White	28	26	72	74	36	35	8	9		
		American Indian	*	55	*	45	*	13	*	2		
		Asian	10	14	90	86	57	58	27	27		
		Pacific Islander	*	50	*	50	*	17	*	5		
		Two or More Races	26	37	74	63	30	28	3	7		
		EcoDis	49	54	51	46	15	13	2	2		

# There is no data for this campus.

### Part (xiv): Additional Information - Chronic Absenteeism

This section provides information on the Chronic Absenteeism per EDFacts definition: percent of unduplicated number of K - 12 students enrolled in a school for at least 10 days and absent for 10% or more days during the 2020-21 school year. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

								Two			
								or			
	All	African			American		Pacific	More	Econ		
	Students	American	Hispanic	White	Indian	Asian	Islander	Races	Disadv	CWD	EL
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	7%	12%	7%	5%	-	6%	-				